



Travel to Singapore: Vaccination Information

Travel to Singapore: Vaccination Information

Public Health Requirements (Singapore's [Immigration & Checkpoint Authority website](#))

To avoid tests and quarantine, travellers must fulfil the public health requirements below. Travellers who cannot meet the public health requirements and refuse any test(s) and/or quarantine may be turned away from Singapore.

a) Yellow Fever Requirements

Produce an International Certificate of Vaccination for Yellow Fever, if you have visited any [country at risk of Yellow Fever transmission](#) in the six (6) days prior to arrival in Singapore. Travellers must serve quarantine for six (6) days from date of departure from countries with risk of yellow fever transmission if they cannot meet the requirement. Quarantine also applies to those who are ineligible to receive the vaccination e.g., children aged one year and below and individuals with contraindications, and travellers whose yellow fever vaccination certificate has yet to become valid.

b) COVID-19 Requirements

There are **no longer any COVID-19 measures** for travellers arriving in Singapore **from 13 Feb 2023**, regardless of vaccination status or traveller profile.

Travel to Singapore: Vaccination Information

Countries with risk of yellow fever transmission, correct as of 18 November 2022

| Africa | | Latin America |
|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| Angola | Guinea | Argentina |
| Benin | Guinea-Bissau | Bolivia |
| Burkina Faso | Kenya | Brazil |
| Burundi | Liberia | Colombia |
| Cameroon | Mali | Ecuador |
| Central African Republic | Mauritania | French Guiana |
| Chad | Niger | Guyana |
| Congo | Nigeria | Panama |
| Côte d'Ivoire | Senegal | Paraguay |
| Democratic Republic of the Congo | Sierra Leone | Peru |
| Equatorial Guinea | South Sudan | Suriname |
| Ethiopia | Sudan | Trinidad and Tobago |
| Gabon | Togo | Venezuela |
| Gambia | Uganda | |
| Ghana | | |